MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

RETWEEN

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT

And

WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE CRIME INFORMATION BUREAU

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) is to set forth the responsibilities of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) and the State Identification Bureau (SIB) regarding implementation of the Secure Communities (SC) imitative related to biometric interospensibility. SC is a comprehensive ICE institute that Docuses on the identification and removal of allens who are convicted advanced biometric and communications technology to share information among law enforcement agencies (I.E.As) to identify, detain and remove from the United States aliens who have been convicted of a sorious criminal control strategy.

II. AUTHORITY

Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) provisions regarding identification, detention, arrest and removal of alions (8 USC §1226(o); 8 USC §1226(d); 8 USC §126(d); 9 USC §126(d); 9 USC §126(d); 9 USC §109(d); 9 US

III. THE GOALS OF SECURE COMMUNITIES

ICE is committed to improving community safety by transforming the manner in which the federal government cooperates with state and local LEAs to identify, detain and remove aliens convicted of a serious criminal offense. ICE utilizes advanced technology to improve information sharing among LEAs and will apply a risk-based methodology to focus resources.

To accomplish this goal, ICE leverages business and technical agreements between the DHS United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology (US-VISIT) Program's Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT) and the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI) Criminal Justice Information Services (CIIS) Division Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS). The combined biometric and communications technology is known as IDENT/IAFIS Interoperability.

For the purpose of SC, the SIB and the state and local LEAs will continue to operate pursuant to the FBI CIJS Division's established policies and agreements. This MOA does not affect a state's existing relationship with the FBI CIJS Division. Rather, the MOA builds on and enhances that relationship. Neither the SIB nor any state or local LEA that is subject to this MOA will be responsible for determining an individual's immigration status or whether a particular conviction renders an individual removable pursuant to the INA.

- A. The SC initiative focuses on three objectives:
 - Identify aliens in federal, state and local custody charged with or convicted of a serious criminal offense who are subject to removal and those aliens who have prior convictions for serious criminal offenses and are subject to removal who are currently at large;
 - Prioritize enforcement actions to ensure apprehension and removal of aliens convicted of serious criminal offenses; and,
 - Transform criminal alien enforcement processes and systems to achieve lasting results.
- B. ICE will employ a risk-based approach to identify aliens charged with or convicted of a serious criminal offense and incarcerated in jails and prisons throughout the United States who are eligible for removal based on the severity of their offenses. The risk basis for determining the threat to community safety relies on a three-level hierarchy of aggravated felonies and other serious offenses. Appendix A contains a description of the state and federal criminal offenses that comprise Levels 1, 2 and 3.
 - This approach will build on the ICE Criminal Alien Program (CAP), which is currently in use in all federal and state prisons.
 - The SC risk-based approach classifies aliens convicted of a criminal offense into three levels, starting with those who present the greatest threat:

Level 1: Individuals who have been convicted of major drug offenses, national security crimes, and violent crimes such as murder, manslaughter, rape, robbery and kidnapoine:

Level 2: Individuals who have been convicted of minor drug and property offenses such as burglary, larceny, fraud and money laundering; and Level 3: Individuals who have been convicted of other offenses.

- iii. ICE is committed to identifying aliens convicted of serious criminal offenses who are subject to removal in all three category levels, with a priority assigned on the basis of risk to individuals convicted of Level 1 offenses. ICE continues to exercise discretion through its field offices in taking enforcement action in cases of aliens convicted of Level 2 and 3 offenses as each situation demands. At no time shall this MOA be construed to limit the discretion of ICE in managing detention resources.
- C. To facilitate the goals of SC, ICE is partnering with DHS components, including US, Critzenship and Immigration Services (USCIS), Customs and Border Protection (CBP) and the US-VISIT Program, ICE federal interagency partners include the Department of State, Department of Justice (DOJ), Bureau of Prisons, Executive Office for Immigration Review, Executive Office Office for Immigration Service and FBI CIIS Division. Appendix B contains acronyms and abbreviations frequently used in the SC initiation.

IV. STATE IDENTIFICATION BUREAU (SIB) RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The SIP responsibility under this MOA begins when the LEA submits a Criminal Answer Required (CAP) request, as appropriate according to CIIS procedure, to SIB of the state in which the individual is being booked. SIB will then electronically send the fingerprints to the FIB CIIS Division. Receipt of the CAR will initiate a search of both JAFIS and US-VISIT IDENT, However, National Fingerprint Fib (NFF) states send fingerprints to the FIB CIIS Division only at the time of the initial arrest. Second or subsequent criminal bookings in the NFF states result in a Criminal Print Ident (CIP) file maintenance message to the FIB CIIS Division. The case of a subsequent arrest for a National Fingerprint File (NFF) state, SIB will forward a CPI file maintenance message instead of a CAR to FIR CIIS Division. There is no change in JAFIS processing.
- B. If there is a much in IDENT, and the SIB has the technical capabilities to receive the response message. CIIS remains the search results in a silicial IDENT Data Reaponse (IDR) and Immigration Alien Response (IAR) to the SIB. The SIB will in turn really that response to the local IE. All the SIB does not have the technical capability to receive or relay the response message, CIS, at the request of the SIB, will not used the SIB a match message. A "no match IDR" will be generated when a match is not found in IDENT and routed in the same manner as an IDR and IAR.

V ICE RESPONSIBILITIES

ICE will prioritize the processing of aliens convicted of Level 1 offenses. ICE will detain and seck to remove Level 1 offenders after the completion of the individual's sentence. For those aliens who have prior Level 1 convictions that are discovered during the booking process, [CE will inditis et spet to take shi individuals into custody for removal based on their prior Level 1 conviction(s) as well as current charges, once the charges have been adjudicated.

- A. Once fingerprint information is received by IAFIS, it will be crosschecked against the DHS US-VISIT IDENT system.
- B. Upon receipt of an Immigration Alien Query (IAQ) from the FBI CIIS Division that there has been a match with the subject's fingerprint in IDENT, ICE Law Enforcement Support Center (LESC) will conduct an immigration status determination.
- C. When an alien is identified as having prior Level I convictions and is subject to removal or is currently charged with a Level I offense and is subject to removal, ICE will take the alien into custody after completion of the individual's sentence or when released from local custody and will institute removal proceedings, as necessary.
- D. ICE will rely on establishing in the field a "24/7" IDENT/IAFIS Interoperability response capability and may utilize video teleconferencing (VTC) to streamline the process of identifying and removing aliens convicted of a serious criminal offense.

VI. PERIOD OF AGREEMENT

This MOA shall be effective upon signing by both parties and will remain in effect until terminated by either party in accordance with the Section (below): MODIFICATIONS AND TERMINATION.

VII. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

The parties agree that, should any disagreements arise as a result of this MOA, the first attempt at resolution shall occur at the program office level with the area(s) of disagreement reduced to writing and submitted to the appropriate program office point of contact (POC). If a resolution cannot be reached at this level, the disagreement will be mixed to the asency level in accordance with component procedures.

VIII. MODIFICATIONS AND TERMINATION

This MOA may be modified at any time by mutual written consent of both parties.

This MOA will remain in effect from the date of signing until it is terminated by either party. Either party, upon 30 days written notice to the other party, may terminate the MOA at any time. A termination notice shall be delivered personally or by certified or registered mail and termination shall take effect 30 days after receipt of such notice.

Either party, upon written or oral notice to the other party, may temporarily suspend activities under this MOA when resource constraints or competing priorities necessitate. Notice of termination or suspension by ICE shall be given to the SIB POC. Notice of termination or suspension by the SIB shall be given to the ICE POC. The temporary suspension of activities will take effect immediately upon receipt of such notice.

Use of IDENT/IAFIS for the purposes of racial and/or ethnic profiling or other activity in violation of the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution is not permitted and may result in the suspension of the local jurisdiction engaged in the improper activity. ICE reserves the right to take appropriate remedial action if necessary.

IX. COSTS AND EXPENDITURES

Parties to this MOA are responsible for their own costs associated with carrying out activities under this MOA. Nothing in this MOA is intended to imply that either Congress or state or local legislatures will appropriate funding for activities under this MOA.

X. RELEASE OF INFORMATION TO THE MEDIA AND OTHER THIRD PARTIES

SIB may, at its discretion, communicate the substance of this MOA to law enforcement professional organizations expressing an interest in the law enforcement activities to be engaged in under his MOA. It is IE practice to provide a copy of this MOA to requesting media outlets only after both parties have signed the MOA. Local LEAs are authorized to do the same. However, the release of statistical information regarding the SC initiative will be coordinated with the ICE Public Affairs Office POC identified in Appendix D.

ICE and SIB hereby agree, to the extent authorized by law, to coordinate with each other regarding the information to be released to the media regarding actions taken under this MOA. The POCs for ICE and the SIB for this purpose are identified in Appendix C.

XI. SUMMARY OF ICE AND STATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY RESPONSIBILITIES

This MOA does not, nor is it intended to, nor shall be construed to create any rights, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by any person in any matter, civil or criminal

By signing this MOA, each party represents it is fully authorized to enter into this MOA and accepts the terms, responsibilities, obligations and limitations of this MOA.

Date: Oct. 20, 2010

David J. Verturella
Assistant Director, Secure Communities
Immigration and Customs Enforcement

Date: 10-18-2010

COLAS NEUERMAN

Walt Neverman Director, Crime Information Bureau Wisconsin Department of Justice

Secure Communities Levels and Offense Categories by NCIC Code

APPENDIX A

Level 1 Crimes (NCIC Code)	Level 2 Crimes (NCIC Code)	Level 3 Crimes (NCIC Code)
National Security* (0101-0199, 1602, 5204-5299)	Arson (2001-2099)	Military (0201, 2099)
Homicide (0901-0999)	Burglary (2201-2299)	Immigration (0301-0399)
Kidnapping (1001-1099)	Larceny (2301-2399)	Extortion (2102-2199)
Sexual Assault (1101-1199)	Stolen Vehicles (2401-2411, 2499)	Damage Property (2901-2903)
Robbery (1201-1299)	Forgery (2501-2599)	Family Offenses (3801, 3804- 3899)
Aggravated Assault (1301-1399)	Fraud (2601-2699)	Gambling (3901-3999)
Threats (1601)	Embezzlement (2701-2799)	Commercialized Sex Offenses (4001-4099)
Extortion -Threat to Injure Person (2101)	Stolen Property (2801-2899)	Liquor (4101-4199)
Sex Offenses (3601-3699)	Damage Property w/Explosive (2904-2906)	Obstructing the Police (4802- 4899)
Cruelty Toward Child, Wife (3802, 3803)	Traffic Offenses (5402-5499)	Bribery (5101-5199)
Resisting an Officer (4801)	Smuggling (5801-5899)	Health and Safety (5501-5599)
Weapon (5201-5203)	Money Laundering (6300)	Civil Rights (5699)
Hit and Run (5401)	Property Crimes (7199)	Invasion of Privacy (5701-5799)
Drugs (Sentence > 1 year)	Drugs (Sentence < 1 year)	Elections Laws (5999)
		Conservation (6201-6299)
		Public Order Crimes (7399)

^{*}National Security violations include the NCIC coded offenses of Sabotage, Sedition, Espionage and Treason (0101-0199), Terrorist Threats (1602), and Weapons, Arson/Incendiary Devices and Bombing offenses (5204-5299).

APPENDIX B

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Acronym/Abbreviation	Definition		
CAP	Criminal Alien Program		
CAR	Criminal Answer Required		
CJIS	Criminal Justice Information Services		
CPI	Criminal Print Identification		
DHS	Department of Homeland Security		
DOJ .	Department of Justice		
ERO	Enforcement and Removal Operations		
FAQ	Frequently Asked Questions		
FBI	Federal Bureau of Investigation		
HSI	Homeland Security Investigations		
IAFIS	Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System		
IAQ	Immigration Alien Query		
IAR	Immigration Alien Response		
ICE	Immigration and Customs Enforcement		
IDENT	US-VISIT Automated Biometric Identification System		
IDR	IDENT Data Response		
LEA	Law Enforcement Agency		
LESC	Law Enforcement Support Center		
MOA	Memorandum of Agreement		
ORI	Originating Agency Identifier		
POC	Point of Contact		
SC	Secure Communities		
SIB	State Identification Bureau		
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures		
US-VISIT .	United States Visitor and Immigrant Status Indicator Technology		

APPENDIX C

Points of Contact

The ICE and SIB points of contact for purposes of implementation of this MOA are:

For the SIB:

Walt Neverman Director, Crime Information Bureau Wisconsin Department of Justice Post Office Box 2718 Madison, WI 53701-2718

(608) 267-1338 Fax

For ICE Enforcement and Removal Operations (ERO):

Ricardo A. Wong Field Office Director Enforcement and Removal Operations 101 West Congress Parkway Suite 4000 Chicago, IL 60605

(312)

For ICE Homeland Security Investigations (HSI):

Gary J. Hartwig Special Agent in Charge Homeland Security Investigations One Tower Lane 16th Floor Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181

(630) (main) (630) 684-0843 (fax)

APPENDIX D

Public Information Points of Contact

Pursuant to Section X. of this MOA, RELEASE OF INFORMATION ITO THE MEDIA AND OTHER THEIR PARTIES, the signatories will coordinate with the ICE Public Affairs Office regarding release of any information about Secure Communities and/or IDENTIARIS Interopenability and agree to coordinate appropriate release of subsequent information to the media regarding actions taken under this MOA. The points of contact for coordinating such activities are:

For the SIB:

Bill Cosh Wisconsin Department of Justice 17 West Main Street P.O. Box 7857 Madison, WI 53707-7857 Phone Number: (608) Fax Number: (608) 267-2779 Email:

For ICE:

Gail. R. Montenegro
ICE ERO Field Office
536 South Clark Street
Chicago, IL 60605
Phone Number: (312)